

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS FO Box 1430 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.tepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/750,157	12/30/2003	Carlos J. Gonzalez	SNDK.348US0	7914	
65AVS 7559 0090402008 DAVIS WRIGHT TREMAINE LLP - SANDISK CORPORATION 505 MONTGOMERY STREET			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			LI, ZHUO H		
SUITE 800 SAN FRANCI	SCO, CA 94111		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2185	•	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			09/04/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/750,157 GONZALEZ ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit ZHUO H. LI 2185 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 August 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 44-50 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 44-50 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTO/S5/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date _______.

Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5 Notice of Informal Patent Application

Art Unit: 2185

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

 A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/14/2008 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

This Office action is in response to amendment filed 8/14/2008. Accordingly, claims 1-43
were cancelled, and claims 44-50 are pending for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
 obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out

Art Unit: 2185

the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 44-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Conley (US 2002/0099904) in view of Chien et al. (US 6,742,078 hereinafter Chien) and Brinkmann et al. (US 2006/0242212 hereinafter Brinkmann).

Regarding claim 44, Conley discloses a method of operating a memory system as shown in figure 2 including a controller (301, figure 2) and a non-volatile memory, i.e., flash memory (figure 2), the non-volatile memory having a plurality of units of erases (85-88, figure 15), the method comprising establishing an initial set of metablock linkings by which the controller accesses the non-volatile memory ([0038]-[0039]), each metablock linking comprised of a plurality of units of erase and where the controller forms said initial set of metablock linkings according to a rule ([0066], the controller programming of data into at least one page of each of the blocks forming the metablock) and storing a record of updating of the first linking in the nonvolatile memory ([0067], use additional blocks to update a data file stored in the metablock). Conley differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching the steps of subsequently determining that one or more units of erase in a first metablock linking of the initial set of metablock linkings is defective and updating the first metablock linking so that it no longer contains said defective unit of erase. However, Chien discloses a flash memory system comprising four different types of blocks, data blocks, spare blocks, a new block and a link-table blocks (col. 2 lines 35-53), wherein the link-table blocks comprising a link table which it is used

Art Unit: 2185

to record the link relationship between the logic block and the actual block (col. 3 lines 51-57 and col. 4 line 55 through col. 5 line 3). In addition, Chien further discloses the method comprising subsequently determining that one or more units of erase in a first metablock linking of initial set of metablock linkings is defective (col. 3 lines 43-46), and updating the first metablock linking so that it no longer contains the defective unit of erase, i.e., stored updated data in a substituted block (col. 3 line 63 through col. 4 line 20). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Conley in having the steps of subsequently determining that one or more units of erase in a first metablock linking of the initial set of metablock linkings is defective and updating the first metablock linking so that it no longer contains said defective unit of erase, as per teaching of Chien, because it provides protection against power failure to protect the data link structure and improves stability (see Chien, col. 1 lines 12-15). Furthermore, the combination of Conley and Chien differs from the claimed invention in not specifically teaching the record only including deviations from the rule. However, Brinkmann teaches to eliminate bottlenecks in the links to storage system by having the record only including deviations from the rule ([0079]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the combination of Conley and Chien in having the record only including deviations from the rule, as per teaching of Brinkmann, in order to eliminate bottlenecks in the links to storage system.

Regarding claim 45, Chien teaches updating the first metablock linking including replacing the one or more defective units of erase with non-defective units of erase (col. 3 line 43 through col. 4 line 20).

Art Unit: 2185

Regarding claim 46, Chien teaches said non-defective units of erase being selected from a list of unlinked units of erase (col. 3 line 63 through col. 4 line 3).

Regarding claim 47, Chien teaches said list of unlinked units of crase being maintained in the non-volatile memory (figure 1 and col. 3 lines 8-30).

Regarding claim 48, Chien discloses subsequent to said replacing the defective unit of erase with non-defective units of erase (col. 3 lines 22-41), updating said list of unlinked units of erase (col. 5 lines 18-45).

Regarding claim 49, Chien discloses said non-defective units of erase being selected from a unit of erase formerly belonging to another linking (col. 4 lines 4-20).

Regarding claim 50, Conley teaches said rule being implemented by firmware on the memory system ([0038]).

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 44-50 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ZHUO H. LI whose telephone number is (571)272-4183. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Fri 6:00am - 2:30pm.

Art Unit: 2185

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sanjiv Shah can be reached on 571-272-4098. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Zhuo H Li/ Examiner, Art Unit 2185

/Sanjiv Shah/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2185